

Note that the Arfken problems correspond to the 7th Edition with the corresponding 6th Edition problems in the parentheses.

1. Arfken 11.5.1 (6.5.1), 11.6.10 (6.5.10), 11.6.11 (6.5.11)

Hint: for 5.11 (b), let  $z = re^{i\theta}$  and deform the  $t$  integral so that as  $\theta$  changes the  $t$  integral always converges – this is the analytic continuation of the integral representation. Show that if you now complete the integral, you obtain  $f_2 = 1/z$  as long as  $z$  is not zero.

2. Evaluate the following integral using two different techniques.

$$\int_C \frac{dz}{(z^2 - 1)^{1/2}},$$

where the  $C$  is a closed contour which encloses both singularities. A branch cut along the real axis extends from  $-1$  to  $1$ .