1. Compute the Green function $G(t, s)$ for the differential operator $L(t)$ defined by

$$L(t)y = D^2 y - 2t D y + (t^2 - 1) y,$$

given that $e^{\frac{1}{2} t^2}$ and $te^{\frac{1}{2} t^2}$ solve the homogeneous equation $L(t)y = 0$. Use the result to solve the initial-value problem

$$y'' - 2ty' + (t^2 - 1)y = t^2 e^{\frac{1}{2} t^2}, \quad y(0) = y'(0) = 0.$$

2. Compute the Green function $G(t, s)$ for the differential operator $L(t)$ defined by

$$L(t)y = t D^2 y + t-1)D y - y,$$

given that $t-1$ and $e^{-t}$ solve the homogeneous equation $L(t)y = 0$. Use the result to solve the initial-value problem

$$t y'' + (t-1)y' - y = 2t^3, \quad y(1) = y'(1) = 0.$$

**Remark:** You can also solve these problems using variation of parameters.