## Math 246, Professor David Levermore Group Work Exercises for Discussion Wednesday, 26 September 2018

## First Set of Group Work Exercises [5]

These questions are based upon Problem 2a of Exam 1, which was to find the explicit solution and give its interval of definition for the initial-value problem

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}x}{\mathrm{d}t} = 3t^2(x - x^2), \qquad x(0) = 2$$

Based upon the posted solution of this problem, address the following questions.

- (1) How does the solution x(t) behave as  $t \to \infty$ ?
- (2) How does the solution x(t) behave as  $t \to -(\log(2))^{\frac{1}{3}}$ ?
- (3) How do x(t) and its interval of definition change if the initial condition is x(3) = 2? Describe how x(t) behaves as t approaches each endpoint of its interval of definition.
- (4) How do x(t) and its interval of definition change if the initial condition is x(0) = -1? Describe how x(t) behaves as t approaches each endpoint of its interval of definition.
- (5) How do x(t) and its interval of definition change if the initial condition is  $x(0) = \frac{1}{2}$ ? Describe how x(t) behaves as t approaches each endpoint of its interval of definition.

## Second Set of Group Work Exercises [5]

- (1) Verify that  $U_1(t) = e^{-2t}$  and  $U_2(t) = t e^{-2t}$  solve u'' + 4u' + 4u = 0.
- (2) Solve the initial-value problems

$$u'' + 4u' + 4u = 0,$$
  $u(0) = 1,$   $u'(0) = 0;$   
 $u'' + 4u' + 4u = 0,$   $u(0) = 0,$   $u'(0) = 1.$ 

(3) Solve the general initial-value problem

$$u'' + 4u' + 4u = 0$$
,  $u(0) = u_0$ ,  $u'(0) = u_1$ .

- (4) Compute the  $Wr[U_1, U_2](t)$ . (Evaluate the determinant and simplify.)
- (5) Verify that  $w(t) = Wr[U_1, U_2](t)$  solves the homogeneous linear first-order equation given by the Abel Theorem.